Deep Learning with Neural Networks For Gravitational Wave Astrophysics

Daniel George dgeorge5@illinois.edu



PhD student in the Department of Astronomy Computational Science and Engineering Fellow, NVIDIA Fellow NCSA Gravity Group - <u>gravity.ncsa.illinois.edu</u> University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign

April 15, 2018

AI for Gravitational Wave Analysis:

1) Deep Neural Networks to Enable Real-time Multimessenger Astrophysics

Physical Review D (February 2018) - Daniel George and E. A. Huerta

Foundational article pioneering deep learning for gravitational wave detection. First to show neural networks can **outperform** matched-filtering, enabling new physics

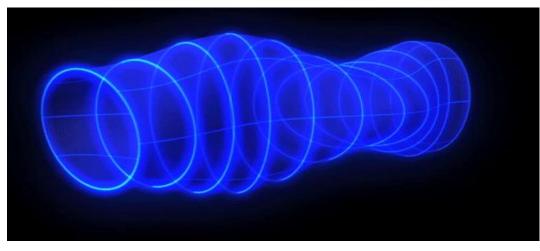
2) <u>Deep Learning for Real-time Gravitational Wave Detection and Parameter</u> <u>Estimation: Results with Advanced LIGO Data</u>

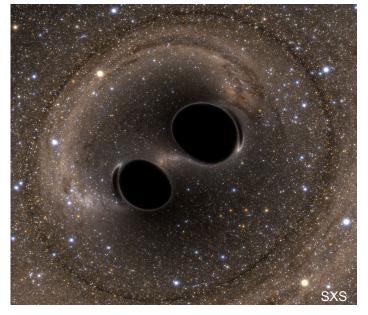
Physics Letters B (March 2018) - Daniel George and E. A. Huerta

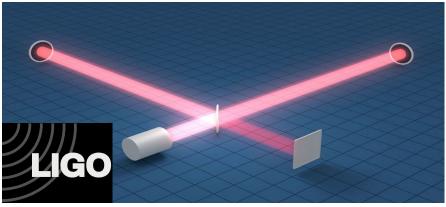
First application of deep learning to detect true gravitational waves in real LIGO data

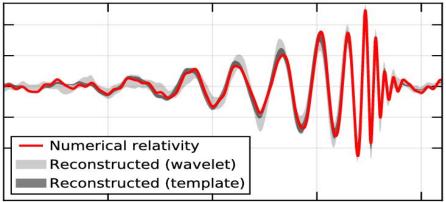
Link to these slides: <u>www.tiny.cc/LIGO</u>

Gravitational Waves



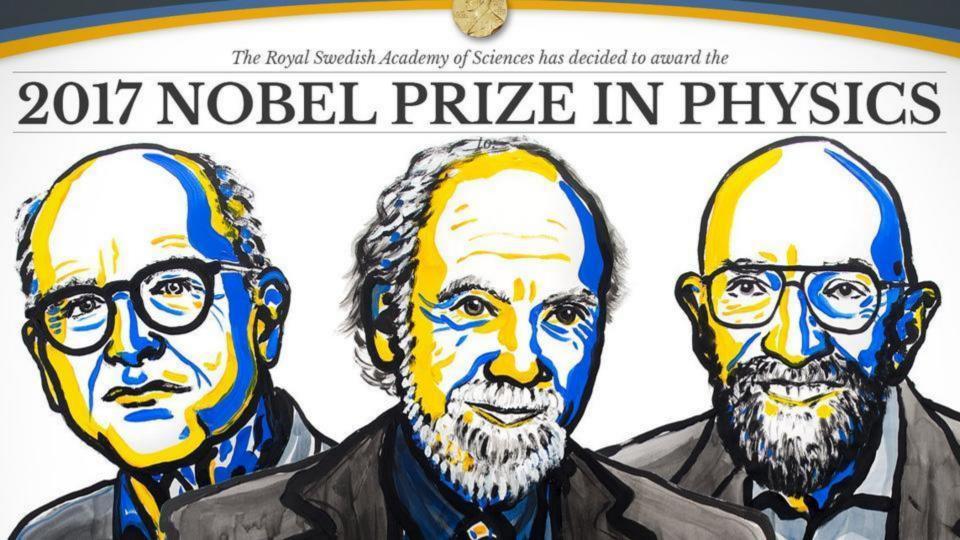






Source: ligo.org

3



Enable Real-time Multimessenger Astrophysics

Hear gravitational waves



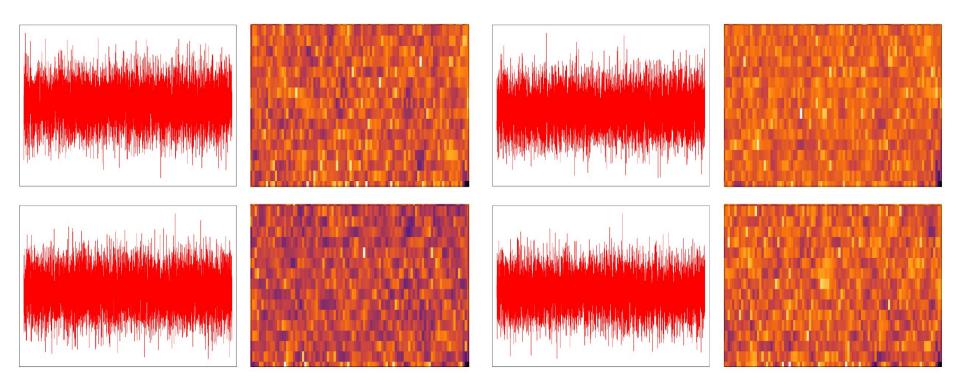
Feel astroparticles

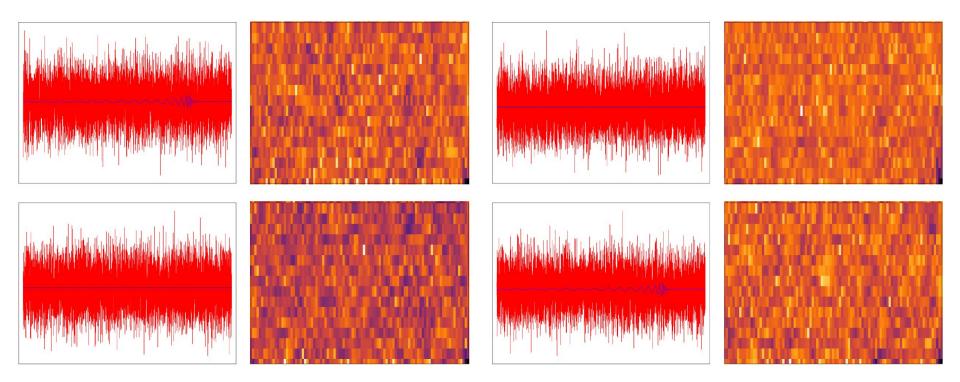


LIGO, VIRGO, KAGRA, eLISA

DES, LSST, JWST, WFIRST

Challenge





Method?

Matched-Filtering:

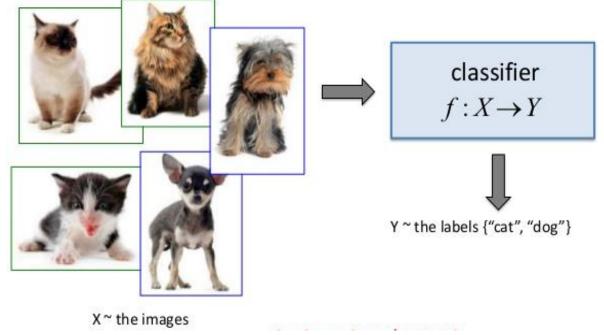
Compare every input with millions of templates.

Limited to small subset of signals

Template matching is not scalable and is very slow

Solution:

1:



Deep Learning with Artificial Neural Networks!



A person riding a motorcycle on a dirt road.



A herd of elephants walking across a dry grass field.





A group of young people playing a game of frisbee.



Two hockey players are fighting over the puck.









G

Google

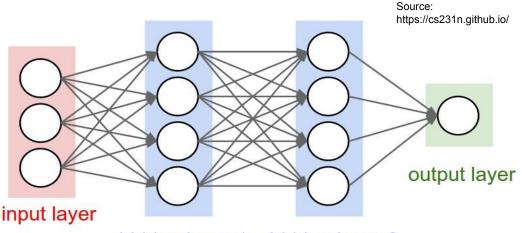
SwiftKey.

Translate



Deep Learning: An AI Revolution

- Very long networks of artificial neurons (dozens of layers)
- State-of-the-art algorithm for image processing, natural language understanding, speech recognition and synthesis, web search engines, self-driving cars, games (AlphaGo)
- We discovered this technique can be adapted to detect gravitational waves!



hidden layer 1 hidden layer 2

- Does not require hand-crafted features to be extracted first
- Automatic end-to-end learning
- Deeper layers can learn highly abstract functions

Designing neural net

Proposed the use of convolutional neural nets with time-series inputs for gravitational wave detection

Train using signals + noise

Tested on real data

Designed 2 networks:

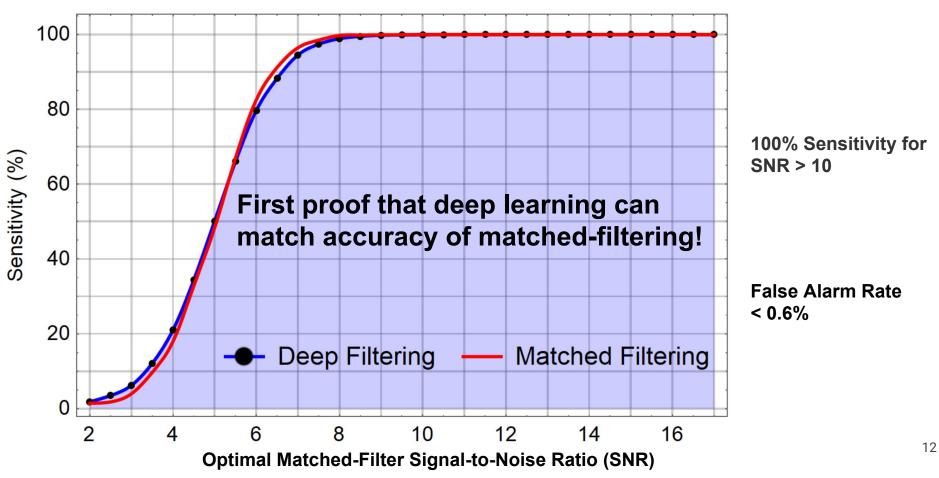
Classifier for detecting signals

Predictor for estimating source parameters

	lnput (1s, 8192Hz)	vector (size
1	Reshape Layer	tensor (size
2	Convolution Layer	tensor (size
3	Pooling Layer	tensor (size
4	Ramp	tensor (size
5	Convolution Layer	tensor (size
6	Pooling Layer	tensor (size
7	Ramp	tensor (size
8	Convolution Layer	tensor (size
9	Pooling Layer	tensor (size
10	Ramp	tensor (size
11	Flatten Layer	vector (size:
12	Linear Layer	vector (size:
13	Ramp	vector (size:
14	Linear Layer	vector (size:
15	Softmax Layer	vector (size
	Output	vector (size

e: 8192) $2: 1 \times 1 \times 8192$ e: 16×1×8177) $16 \times 1 \times 2045$ $16 \times 1 \times 2045$ e: 32 × 1 × 2017) e: 32 × 1 × 505) e: 32 × 1 × 505) $e: 64 \times 1 \times 477)$ $e: 64 \times 1 \times 120)$ $e: 64 \times 1 \times 120)$ e: 7680) e: 64) e: 64) e: 2) e: 2) e: 2)

Accuracy of Detecting Signals



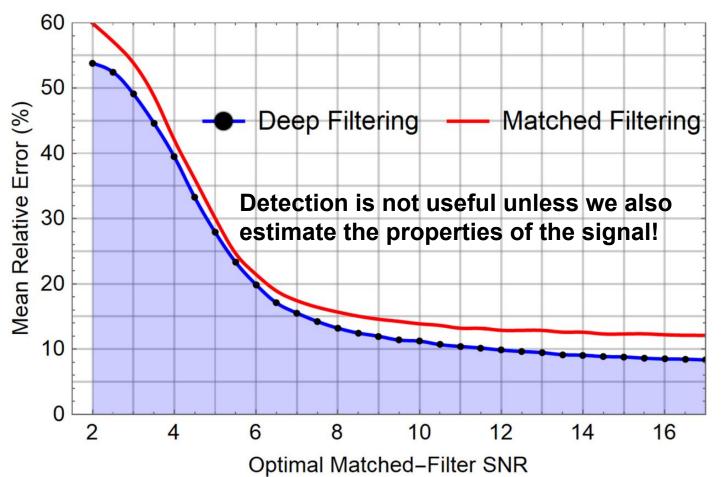
Orders of Magnitude Faster!

- Real-time analysis (milliseconds).
- Constant time regardless of number of templates, after training once.
- Thousands of inputs can be processed at once on a cheap GPU.

• Dedicated inference engines can offer additional speed-up.

	Deep C 5300x	onvolution	al Neural	Network (0	GPU)	-		
	Deep C 107x	Convolutio	nal Neural	Network (CPU)			
Matched–filtering (CPU) 1x								
0	10	00 20	00 30	00 40	00 5	000		
	Speed-up Factor for Inference							

Error in Predicting Masses (Regression)

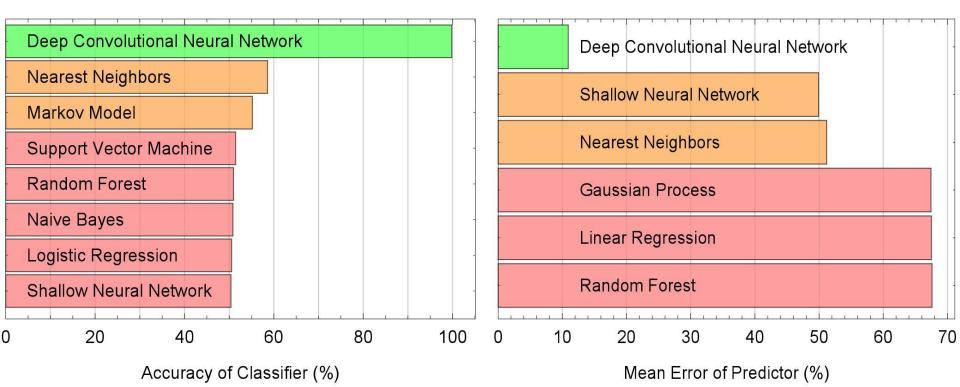


CNN error < 5% for SNR>50

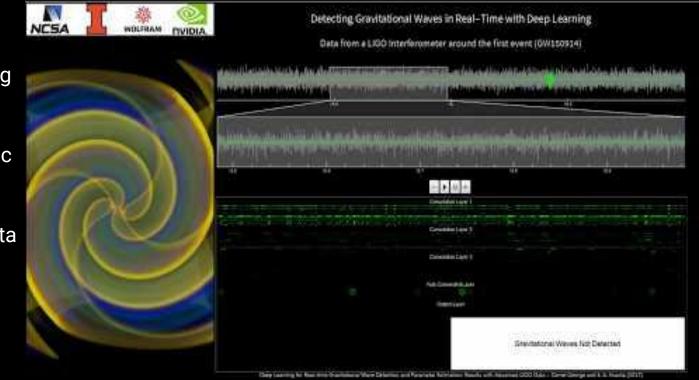
Can interpolate between templates!

Matched-Filtering error with same template bank is always > 11%

Detection and Parameter Estimation



Live Demo Detecting GW150914: www.tiny.cc/DLGW



- Data not included in training
- Trained with only non-spinning, non-eccentric simulated signals
- ~1s to analyze 4096s of data
 - Masses predicted correct within error bars
 - No False Alarms with two detector data!

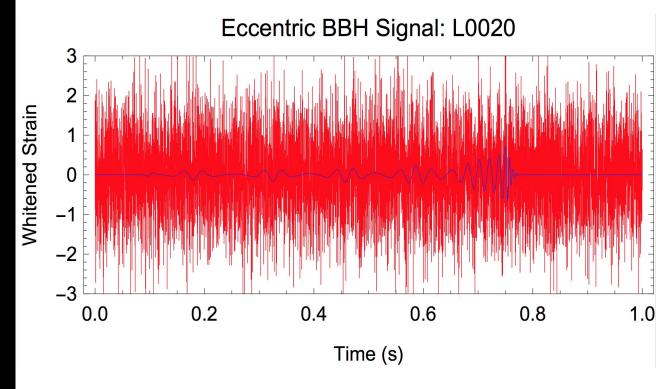
New Physics!

Seeing new types of gravitational waves

Eccentric, Spinning black holes produced in new astrophysical environments:

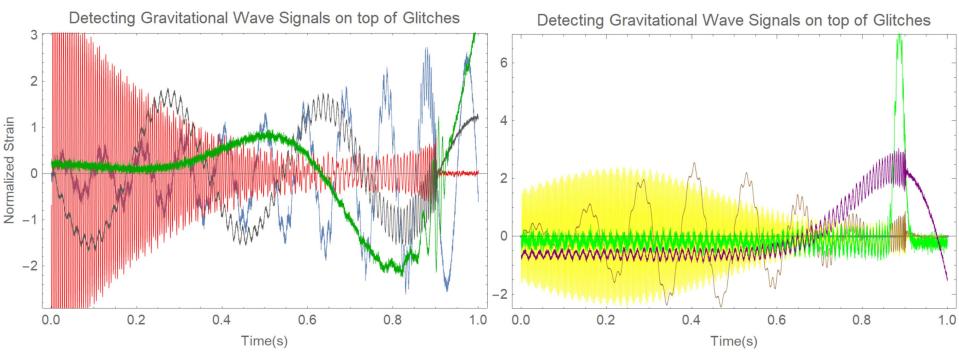
Can automatically learn to identify new types of signals missed by current methods

Same accuracy of detection!



Can detect eccentric spin-precessing signals with same sensitivity of matched-filtering, without using these templates!

Works in bad data contaminated by glitches!



Successfully recovered ~80% of signals injected in real noise plus glitches (anomalies)

Mean relative error of parameter estimation during glitches < 30% for SNR > 10

False Alarm Rate with glitches in the data: Matched-Filter = **30%**, Deep Learning = **1%**

Advantages of using deep learning

1) **Speed**: Enables real-time analysis with a single CPU/GPU. Enable rapid follow-up

2) **Covering more parameters**: Scalable to full range of signals since the one-time training process can be carried out with billions of templates or more

3) **Generalization to new sources**: Can automatically detect spin-precessing and/or eccentric compact binary mergers with same sensitivity without extra training

4) **Resilience to non-Gaussian noise and glitches**: Can learn and adapt to the characteristics of non-Gaussian noise in LIGO and thus outperform matched-filtering

5) **Interpretability**: Validate with matched-filtering with single predicted template, i.e., accelerate existing pipelines. Can constrain search space of templates

Link to these slides: www.tiny.cc/LIGO

Conclusion

Artificial Intelligence (Deep Learning) Real-time Big Data Analysis for Science!

Email: dgeorge5@illinois.edu

NCSA Group webpage: <u>http://gravity.ncsa.illinois.edu</u>

20

Pioneering AI for Gravitational Waves

1) Deep Neural Networks to Enable Real-time Multimessenger Astrophysics

Physical Review D (February 2018) - Daniel George and E. A. Huerta

Foundational article pioneering deep learning for gravitational wave detection. First to show neural networks can **outperform** matched-filtering, enabling new physics

2) <u>Deep Learning for Real-time Gravitational Wave Detection and Parameter</u> <u>Estimation: Results with Advanced LIGO Data</u>

Physics Letters B (March 2018) - Daniel George and E. A. Huerta

First application of deep learning to detect true gravitational waves in real LIGO data

Link to these slides: <u>www.tiny.cc/LIGO</u>²¹